

**SUBJECT:- PHYSICS**

**CLASS:- IXTH**

**DATE:-20/04/XXI**

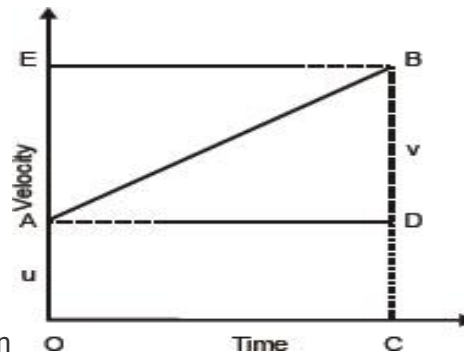
**SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN**

**CHAPTER 1. (MOTION)(BASED ON NCERT PATTERN)**

**3<sup>rd</sup> Equation for position-velocity relation:**

s = distance travelled by the object

t = in time t



a = moving with uniform acceleration

s = area enclosed by trapezium OABC

$$\therefore s = \frac{(OA + BC) \times OC}{2}$$

$\therefore OA = u, BC = v$  and  $OC = t$ .

$$\therefore s = \frac{(u + v)t}{2} \quad \dots(1)$$

$$\text{Slope } t = \frac{v - u}{a} \text{ from the graph } \dots(2)$$

Substitute value of 't' in (1)

$$\therefore s = \frac{v + u}{2} \times \frac{(v - u)}{a}$$

$$s = \frac{v^2 - u^2}{2a}$$

$$\therefore v^2 - u^2 = 2ac$$

- **Uniform circular motion:** When a body moves in a circular path with uniform speed, its motion is called uniform circular motion